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DATE MAILED: 07/20/2005

PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/558,922	04/26/2000	John Albert Kembel	10351-0004	1665
42179	7590 07/20/2005		EXAMINER	
INNOVATION MANAGEMENT SCIENCES			NGUYEN, CHAU T	
P. O. BOX 11	69 CA 94023-1169		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
LOSTILIOS	011 94025 1109		2176	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

K							
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/558,922	KEMBEL ET AL					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Chau Nguyen	2176					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Ag	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 April 2005.						
· <u> </u>	a)☑ This action is FINAL. 2b)☐ This action is non-final.						
•••	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex.parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) 32-47 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>32-47</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Dail	te stent Application (PTO	152)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 04/19/2005.	6) Other:		-192)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Amendment, received on 04/19/2005, has been entered. Claims 32-47 are presented for examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement filed 04/19/2005 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. WO 01/80086A2 has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA)

1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 32-47 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 39-50 of copending Application No. 09/558,923. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the context of the claimed invention is similar to the context of the cited claims of the Application No. 09/558/923.

Application No. 09/558,923 discloses a method of coordinating delivery of Internet content to a user of a computing device including displaying a menu of user selectable items, and in response to selection of one of the user selectable items, displaying information outside of a window of a Web browser program through a user interface of which functionality and appearance is defined at least in part by data that is programmed in a format readable by a Web browser program. Since Application No.

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09/558,923 discloses displaying a menu of selectable items so user can select items

that the user's interested in, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art

at the time the invention was made to understand that by selecting/requesting items of

interests, the user is making a request from his or her device and send the request to

server so the server can locate and send interested items to the user.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the

conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the

subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made

to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was

made.

6. Claims 32-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Dasan, US Patent No. 5,761,662 and further in view of Huang et al. (Huang), US Patent

Application Publication No. US 2002/0091697.

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7. As to claims 32 and 39, Dasan discloses a method of providing Internet content to a user of a computing device, comprising:

receiving a request from a computing device (col. 3, lines 30-45: user requests for news are sent by a client application program to a server);

in response to the request, retrieving information usable by the computing device to a present data that is programmed in a format readable by a Web browser program and transmitting the information to the computing device, wherein the data comprises content data (col. 3, line 30 – col. 4, line 50: based upon these user requests, server responses by presenting electronic information to the user, and the present information to the client in the form of HTTP responses, the HTTP responses correspond with the web pages represented using Hypertext Markup Language; and the electronic information comprises personal newspaper content (col. 8, lines 22-40))

However, Dasan does not explicitly disclose the present data is outside of a window of a Web browser program, wherein the data comprises a definition that defines at least in part a functionality and an appearance of a user interface with which the content data is presented. In the same field of endeavor, Huang discloses a browser display including a list of selectable items such as icons for applications, icons for folders and files, icon for news and information, icon for browser bookmarks, etc. (page 4, paragraph [0047] and Fig. 3). Huang also discloses user clicks on icon for news and information, then a list of available URL links to other web sites is displayed on a window 436 (this window is outside of the web browser), each link is associated with the URL of another web page on the web, and the URL links appear to the user as text that

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is highlighted such that by selecting the link with the mouse, the user can move to a web page corresponding to the selected link (pages 4-5, paragraphs [0051]-[0054]). Since Huang discloses a virtual desktop in a computer network for retrieving personal web site for user from a file server, which is similar to a method for retrieving information based on a personalized newspaper of Dasan, thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Huang and Dasan to include the present data is outside of a window of a Web browser program, wherein the data comprises a definition that defines at least in part a functionality and an appearance of a user interface with which the content data is presented. Through the personal web page, the user is not only able to send commands that are received and processed by one or more backend servers, but also able to access the servers from a variety of systems through different communications links available to connect to the Intermet.

- 8. As to claim 33, Dasan and Huang disclose wherein the information comprises a first address for the content data (Dasan, col. 8, lines 4-40: personal newspaper includes different topics such as titles of articles which are used to create anchor or links (addresses) in the HTML page)
- 9. As to claim 34, Dasan and Huang disclose wherein the information comprises a second address for the definition. In the specification, Applicants described that address of a definition defines a frame and a location of content (Summary). Huang

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discloses a browser display including a list of selectable items such as icons for applications, icons for folders and files, icon for news and information, icon for browser bookmarks, etc. (page 4, paragraph [0047] and Fig. 3). Huang also discloses user clicks on icon for news and information, then a list of available URL links(second address) to other web sites is displayed on a window 436 (address of a definition), each link is associated with the URL of another web page on the web (location of content), and the URL links appear to the user as text that is highlighted such that by selecting the link with the mouse, the user can move to a web page corresponding to the selected link (pages 4-5, paragraphs [0051]-[0054]). Since Huang discloses a virtual desktop in a computer network for retrieving personal web site for user from a file server, which is similar to a method for retrieving information based on a personalized newspaper of Dasan, thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Huang and Dasan to include the information comprises a second address for the definition. Through the personal web page, the user is not only able to send commands that are received and processed by one or more backend servers, but also able to access the servers from a variety of systems through different communications links available to connect to the Internet.

10. As to claims 35 and 40, Dasan and Huang disclose wherein at least a portion of the definition is usable by the computing device to render a frame through which the content data is presented (Huang discloses in page 5, paragraphs [0063]-[0065]: for each user (computing device), the network provides different kinds of folder icons

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(definitions) that some of the folder icons such as public folder icons can be opened or accessed by the user. Huang's system provides public folder icons so files in the public folder icons can be shared between all who have access to the network).

As to claims 36 and 41, Dasan and Huang disclose wherein at least a portion of 11. the definition fully describes a functionality of an appearance of a frame through which the content data is presented (Huang discloses a browser display including a list of selectable items such as icons for applications, icons for folders and files, icon for news and information, icon for browser bookmarks, etc. (page 4, paragraph [0047] and Fig. 3). Huang also discloses user clicks on icon for news and information, then a list of available URL links to other web sites is displayed on a window 436 (this window is outside of the web browser), each link is associated with the URL of another web page on the web, and the URL links appear to the user as text that is highlighted such that by selecting the link with the mouse, the user can move to a web page corresponding to the selected link (pages 4-5, paragraphs [0051]-[0054]). Since Huang discloses a virtual desktop in a computer network for retrieving personal web site for user from a file server, which is similar to a method for retrieving information based on a personalized newspaper of Dasan, thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Huang and Dasan to include the present data is outside of a window of a Web browser program, wherein the data comprises a definition that defines at least in part a functionality and an

appearance of a user interface with which the content data is presented. Through the

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personal web page, the user is not only able to send commands that are received and

processed by one or more backend servers, but also able to access the servers from a

variety of systems through different communications links available to connect to the

Internet).

12. As to claims 37 and 42, Dasan and Huang disclose wherein the definition is

provided by a Web content provider, thereby enabling the Web content provider to

control at least in part a functionality and an appearance of the frame when rendered on

the computing device (Dasan, Abstract, and col. 6, line 20 - col. 7, line 41 and col. 8,

lines 4-39).

13. As to claim 38, Dasan and Huang disclose wherein the content data is provided

by the Web content provider (Dasan, Abstract).

14. As to claim 43, Dasan and Huang disclose wherein the content data and the

definition are provided by the Web content provider, thereby enabling the user interface

to integrate seamlessly with the content data (Dasan, col. 5, line 53 – col. 6, line 52).

15. Claims 44-47 contain similar limitations as discussed in claims 32-43; therefore,

they are rejected under the same rationale.

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Response to Arguments

16. Applicant's arguments and amendments, filed on 04/19/2005, have been fully considered but they are not deemed fully persuasive. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 32-47 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection as explained above, necessitated by Applicant's substantial amendment (i.e., displaying information outside of a window of a Web browser program through a user interface of which functionality and appearance is defined at least in part by data that is programmed in a format readable by a Web browser program) to the claims which significantly affected the scope thereof.

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Chau Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-

4092. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:30 pm Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Heather Herndon, can be reached on (571) 272-4136. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-

872-9306. On July 15, 2005, the Central Facsimile (FAX) Number will change from

703-872-9306 to 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chau Nguyen Patent Examiner Art Unit 2176

> WILLIAM BASHORE PRIMARY EXAMINER